

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
LUDEWA DISTRICT
FORM TWO MOCK EXAMINATIONS 2022
(FOR BOTH GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS)
CIVICS MARKING SCHEME

SECTION A (15 Marks)

1.

i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.	vi.	vii.	viii.	ix.	x.
B	D	A	A	D	C	D	A	B	C

2.

01Mark@=10 Marks

i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.
B	H	D	G	I

01Mark@=05 Marks

SECTION B (70 Marks)

3. The consequences of abusing human rights

- i. It may lead to conflicts among family members
- ii. May lead to the increase of poverty in the nation
- iii. May lead to the increase of crime in the society
- iv. May lead to the increase of street children
- v. May results to bad leadership in the nation
- vi. It can be the source of death of people .02marks@point=10marks

4. Responsibilities towards special groups

- i. Assisting them by providing materials like food and financial support
- ii. Interacting with them, at home and in community
- iii. Showing them understanding and respect
- iv. Supporting them physically for example elders and people with disabilities when they crossing the roads
- v. Providing them counselling and socialization. 02marks@point=10marks

5. To give out meaning of the following terms

- i. Local government; refers to the system of administration in which elected representatives are in charge to administer locality areas such as cities regions, districts, ward and villages.
- ii. Female genital mutilation; is the practices which involves the removal of some parts like of female genital organ (vagina) like clitoris and labia majora.
- iii. Political campaigns; are series of political meetings designed to win votes for a certain candidates and political party in election.

- iv. Road accident; refers to the unpleasant event which occur on or along the road which may cause loss of life and destruction of properties.
 - v. Limitation of human rights, refers to the process of restricting the exercise of some of the human rights for good circumstance or reasons. For example there is right to speak but not to use abusive language. 02marks@point=10marks
6. Ways of gathering information
- i. Observation
 - ii. Questionnaire
 - iii. Interview
 - iv. Reading different books
 - v. Use of mass media/ watching and listening mass media
 - vi. Scientific experiment. 02marks@point=10marks
7. Measures to be employed by government to prevent road accident
- i. Provision of education to road users on how to use road correctly/ safely
 - ii. To put the clear road signs in right place
 - iii. To enact laws and regulations, to guide road users
 - iv. To issue the driving licenses to qualified people only
 - v. To ensure intensive inspection of vehicles
 - vi. Regular maintenance and rehabilitation of the roads. 02marks@point=10marks
8. Difference on the following terms
- i. Absolute monarchy; is the type of monarchy, in which a King or Queen is the head of state and government. He or she forms the government. This system is used in Swaziland. WHILE. Constitution monarchy; is the type of monarchy in which King or Queen is only head of state, and the prime minister become the head of government. Prime minister is elected by citizen in general election.
 - ii. Cohabitation; is the situation whereby men and women living together as wife and husband without legal marriage. WHILE. Courtship; is the process of attracting mate for marriage OR Is the period during which two people carefully and get to know one another before they get marriage.
 - iii. Sovereignty; is the freedom that a country has to govern itself. This means that there is no external power that controls that country. There are two types of internal sovereignty and external sovereignty. WHILE. Liberty; is the freedom to live as you wish but not out of the national constitution.
 - iv. Human rights; are basic things that all human beings are entitled to and which nobody should interfere with. Such rights are rights life, ownership of the property, security and freedom of association
 - v. Loans; these are money lent temporarily by the local authorities, which must be returned. These money can be lent from different Bank or Non-Governmental organization. WHILE. Grants; these are funds that are donated and do not require repayment. Local government receive from central government and other agencies while central government receives from international agencies.
- 02marks@point=10marks

9. Reasons for early marriage

- i. Poverty in family
- ii. Maintenance of socio-value
- iii. Avoidance of disgrace and shame
- iv. Irresponsible parenthood
- v. Lack of freedom to choose partners
- vi. Ownership of properties/ properties inheritance
- vii. Lack of education on effects of early marriage. 02 @ point=10marks

NB. Candidate will be awarded 02 marks after explanation of the points, otherwise should be awarded 01 mark if there is no explanation.

SECTION C (15 Marks)

10. Uses of social skills in our life

Introduction

A candidate to provide clear introduction explaining about life skills. 01 mark

Main body

- i. Forming relationship with other people
- ii. Making good friends
- iii. Showing empathy
- iv. Exhibiting peer resistance
- v. Showing effective communication
- vi. Problem solving
- vii. Joining teamwork. 02 @ point

Conclusion

A candidate to provide relevant conclusion on life skills like trough explaining the consequences of not applying life skills. 01mark